# Make-Your-Anchor: A Diffusion-based 2D Avatar Generation Framework

# Supplementary Material

#### A. Related Work

#### A.1. Talking Face Generation

Talking face generation methods [6, 18, 27, 34] generate human videos with various expressions and poses conditioned on a given audio or motion, which can be categorized into two types: editing facial regions or generating dynamic head videos. Editing-based techniques, such as Wav2Lip [18] or VideoRetalking [6], face the problem of lip-gesture inconsistency. Usually, the gestures are fixed for different talking content. Generating dynamic head video requires methods to create head videos conditioned on given audio or motion, where head motions are accomplished by different manners such as motion flow [33], 3D landmarks [27, 34], self-supervised training [17], etc. Although producing high-quality and highly realistic facial videos, talking face generation is limited by its interest area and cannot achieve full-body human video generation.

#### A.2. Pose-guided Human Video Generation

To generate human video with body and hand, pose-guided methods are the most popular approaches. Early work focuses on the problem of motion transfer [1, 4, 15, 22–24, 28, 30, 35] methods. Balakrishnan et al. [1] separate a scene and transform each part to synthesize. FOMM [22] and MRAA [23] propose unsupervised body representation and warping to transfer, while LIA [28] employs latent space. TPS [35] introduces thin plate spline transformation into a motion transfer task, and UVA [24] presents a differential volumetric representation. Besides the coarsegrained motion transfer setting, researchers [9, 14, 20, 36] apply these kinds of methods into human video generation with face, body, and hand. However, constrained to the capability of these models, these methods potentially generate human videos with apparent artifacts.

With the progress of diffusion models [11, 21], some works introduce them into pose-guided human video generation. Follow-your-pose [16] introduces a two-stage training to get a pose-guided video diffusion model. Dream-Pose [13] proposes a vision and pose controlled diffusion on fashion dataset to animate a body image. DisCo [26] focuses on human dance generation, utilizes multiple ControlNet on pose and background, and introduces a pre-training strategy to improve generalizability. Nonetheless, these methods concentrate on coarse-grained body video generation, which is limited to the poor quality of face and hands. Besides, due to the randomness of the diffusion model, these methods struggle with temporal consistency. The proposed system, by proposing a simple yet efficient

multi-frame inference strategy, could improve the temporal consistency of image-based diffusion models.

#### A.3. Video Diffusion Models

Due to the powerful capabilities of diffusion models, researchers in recent years have started to explore their potential in video generation, and much progress has been made in video generation [2, 5, 8, 12, 25] and video editing [3, 19, 31]. GEN-1 [7] extends the image diffusion model with a temporal module and utilizes depth to control the structure. Tune-A-Video [29] fine-tunes 3D U-Net in image diffusion model on a one-shot video to learn the motion and then edits the video content with text prompts. AnimateDiff [10] trains a temporal module with a fixed image diffusion model and can be applied to personalized weights. While VDMs possess strong video generation capabilities, the ability to control human motion and maintain appearance needs further improvement. In contrast, we tune the foundation diffusion model to learn the mapping from motion to a specific anchor appearance in a "binding" fashion following a pretrain-finetuning paradigm.

### **B. Video Results**

We show video results in the attached materials. In the video, we compare with SOTA methods as well as present the results of ablation studies. Video results demonstrate the effectiveness of the proposed method. For example, we could observe slight flicking frames in the video results without overlapped batches. This is due to the absence of information transfer between different batches and the inherent randomness of the diffusion model, resulting in subtle variations in human structure across batches. The proposed overlapped-batch design in the denoising process allows for certain context exchanges between different batches, thereby reducing the occurrence of this phenomenon.

Furthermore, we show the results of audio-driven digital avatar generation. We utilize TalkSHOW [32] to drive the 3D human mesh, and the examples are shown in the video as well as Fig. S1. By combining our method with existing audio-driven motion generation techniques, we create a system capable of automatically generating 2D avatar videos.

#### C. User Study

We conduct user studies under our experimental setting in the main text. The videos generated in Section 5.2 were collected, and we invited 30 participants to operate this

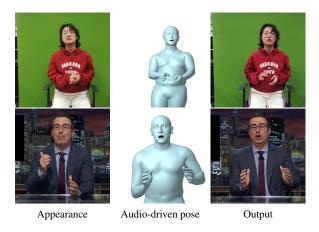


Figure S1. Examples of audio-driven results.

user study. For each participant, 15 video instances are randomly sampled from all results, and the corresponding reference appearance and input pose sequence are shown simultaneously. For each instance, we asked participants to rate from four aspects: appearance preservation, temporal consistency, structure preservation, and overall quality. Appearance preservation measures the appearance between the reference image and the generated video. Structure preservation is asked to evaluate the structure similarity between input pose and output video, especially for hand structure. The rating score of each question is on a scale from one to five, with five being the highest score and one being the lowest.

The statistics are listed in Table S1. As the results show, our method achieves the best scores of over four points in the user study. Pose2Img scored above three points in appearance preservation, and the results from Dreampose and DisCo are slightly inferior to Pose2Img. Our method has achieved a significant advantage in structure preservation compared to other methods, which is not apparent by LMD in Table 1 of the main text for inaccurately estimated landmarks.

Method	Appearance Preservation	Temporal Consistency	Structure Preservation	Overall Quality	
Pose2Img [20]	3.36	2.38	1.59	2.01	
TPS [35]	2.03	2.10	1.18	1.37	
DreamPose [13]	2.78	1.94	2.27	1.94	
DisCo [26]	2.29	2.32	1.45	1.72	
Ours	4.23	3.85	3.91	4.03	

Table S1. User study scores. The rating score is on a scale from one to five, where five is the highest score, and one is the lowest.

# D. Ablation on Video Length

We conducted an analysis of the required duration for video data needed for fine-tuning. Compared to the one-minute videos used in the main text, we utilize five-minute videos in the fine-tuning stage. The quantitative results are demonstrated in Table. S2 and the qualitative results are displayed in Fig. S2. The numerical results demonstrate a slight improvement in all measurements. For instance, with LMD (hand), additional data allows the model to encompass a broader range of angles, enabling more accurate generation outcomes, and showing better results. In qualitative results, one minute of fine-tuning data already yields satisfactory outcomes.

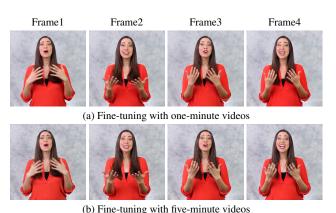


Figure S2. Qualitative results with different video lengths for finetuning.

Fine-tuning with	FID↓	FVD↓	LMD (Face)↓	LMD (Body)↓	LMD (Hand)↓
One-minute videos	40.33	139.82	1.44	4.88	5.41
Five-minute videos	38.94	134.55	1.29	4.42	4.95

Table S2. Ablation analysis of video length used for fine-tuning.

## E. Additional Time Cost.

Time cost of different methods is shown in Table S3. Our method is comparable to other diffusion methods. Most time is spent on diffusion. Off-the-shelf speed-up approaches such as LCM [] could be further engaged.

In Algorithm 1, count is an array storing the computing counts for each frame, where only overlapped frames are calculated twice times. When the ws=16 and os=4 for 300 frames/10s to generate, the total computing times in count is 400, which means an additional one-third of the cost. The additional time cost brings consistency between batches to generate long duration. A comparison of time cost and ablation without batch-overlapped temporal denoising (TD) is listed in Table. S3.

Method	Pose2Img	TPS	DreamPose	DisCo	Ours	Ours w/o TD	300 frames w/o TD
Time cost	77s	42s	310s	154s	407s	301s	OOM
Method type	non-diffusion	non-diffusion	diffusion	diffusion	diffusion	diffusion	diffusion
Resolution	640px	384px	512px	256px	512px	512px	512px

Table S3. Comparison of time cost to generate 300 frames.

## F. Liminations

The generated video results are based on the input 3D mesh sequence. When the input mesh sequence is of large pose variations or even inaccurate, the visual quality of the results will be decreased. As shown in Fig. S3a, when the driven facial pose largely varies from the training data, the generated facial expressions are unsatisfactory. It could be improved with more fine-tuning data as shown in Section D. Furthermore, due to limitations in the precision of motion capture, especially regarding the accuracy of hand capture, some obtained motion meshes exhibit inaccuracies. As shown in Fig. S3b, when the input mesh is inaccurate, the generated frame is confusing. The inaccurate meshes are reflected in the results, leading to phenomena such as limb misalignment.

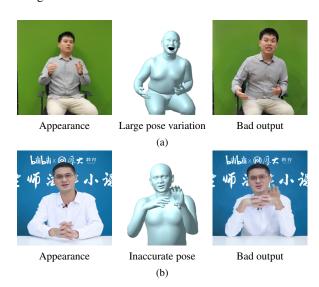


Figure S3. Limitations. When the driven mesh is of large variation or inaccurate, the generated frame will be unsatisfactory.

#### G. Border Impacts

Our method could be used maliciously to create DeepFake videos, which may bring adverse social impacts. We deeply understand the possible negative influence of human video generation technology, and will strictly prevent the spread of our method. Nevertheless, we believe that our approach can yield positive societal impacts, particularly in applications within fields such as education, entertainment, healthcare, and e-commerce.

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